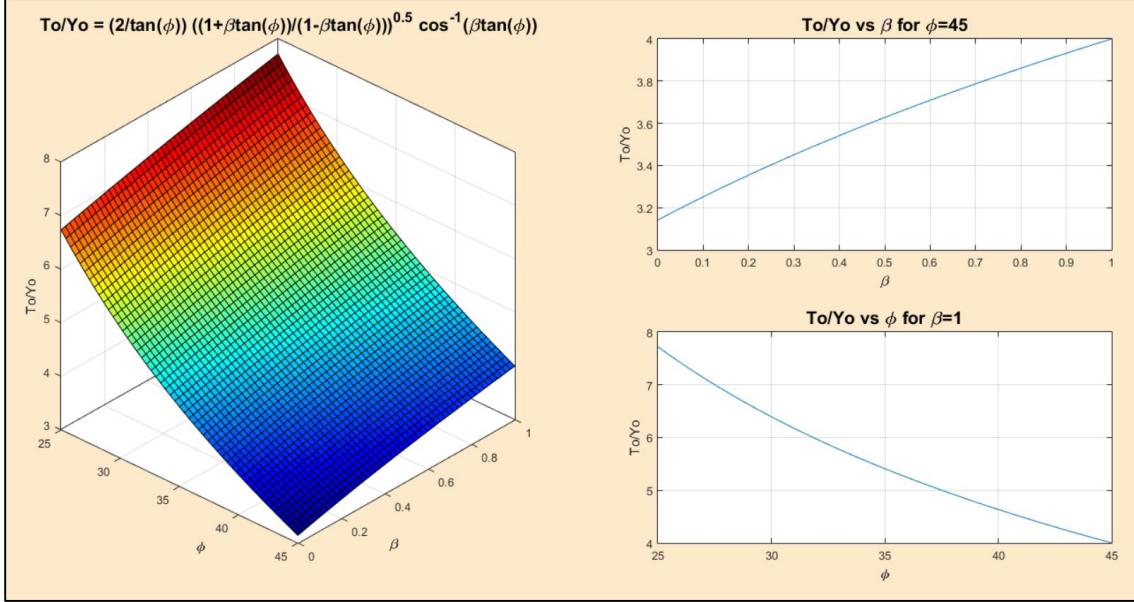


Eq. 57 is:

$$\frac{To}{Yo} = \frac{2}{\tan(\phi)} \sqrt{\frac{1 + \beta \tan(\phi)}{1 - \beta \tan(\phi)}} \cos^{-1}(\beta \tan(\phi)) \quad [57]$$



The limit of Eq. 57 for  $\beta \rightarrow 1$  and  $\varphi \rightarrow \pi/4$  is:

$$\lim_{\beta \rightarrow 1} \left[ \lim_{\varphi \rightarrow \pi/4} \left( \frac{To}{Yo} \right) \right] = \lim_{\beta \rightarrow 1} \left[ \lim_{\varphi \rightarrow \pi/4} \left( \frac{2}{\tan(\varphi)} \sqrt{\frac{1 + \beta \tan(\varphi)}{1 - \beta \tan(\varphi)}} \cos^{-1}(\beta \tan(\varphi)) \right) \right]$$

Applying the limit for  $\beta \rightarrow 1$ :

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{\beta \rightarrow 1} \left[ \lim_{\varphi \rightarrow \pi/4} \left( \frac{To}{Yo} \right) \right] &= \lim_{\varphi \rightarrow \pi/4} \left[ \frac{2}{\tan(\varphi)} \sqrt{\frac{1 + (1) \tan(\varphi)}{1 - (1) \tan(\varphi)}} \cos^{-1}((1) \tan(\varphi)) \right] \\ \lim_{\beta \rightarrow 1} \left[ \lim_{\varphi \rightarrow \pi/4} \left( \frac{To}{Yo} \right) \right] &= \lim_{\varphi \rightarrow \pi/4} \left[ \frac{2}{\tan(\varphi)} \sqrt{\frac{1 + \tan(\varphi)}{1 - \tan(\varphi)}} \cos^{-1}(\tan(\varphi)) \right] \\ \lim_{\beta \rightarrow 1} \left[ \lim_{\varphi \rightarrow \pi/4} \left( \frac{To}{Yo} \right) \right] &= 2 \lim_{\varphi \rightarrow \pi/4} \left[ \frac{\cos^{-1}(\tan(\varphi))}{\tan(\varphi) \sqrt{1 - \tan(\varphi)}} \right] \end{aligned}$$

The expression  $\sqrt{1 + \tan(\varphi)} = \sqrt{2}$  is taken out of the limit because the indeterminate term "0/0" does not depend on  $\sqrt{1 + \tan(\varphi)}$ . Therefore:

$$\lim_{\beta \rightarrow 1} \left[ \lim_{\varphi \rightarrow \pi/4} \left( \frac{To}{Yo} \right) \right] = 2\sqrt{2} \lim_{\varphi \rightarrow \pi/4} \left[ \frac{\cos^{-1}(\tan(\varphi))}{\tan(\varphi) \sqrt{1 - \tan(\varphi)}} \right]$$

Applying L'Hospital's rule:

$$\begin{aligned}
\lim_{\beta \rightarrow 1} \left[ \lim_{\varphi \rightarrow \pi/4} \left( \frac{To}{Yo} \right) \right] &= 2\sqrt{2} \lim_{\varphi \rightarrow \pi/4} \frac{\frac{d}{d\varphi} [\cos^{-1}(\tan(\varphi))]}{\frac{d}{d\varphi} [\tan(\varphi) \sqrt{1 - \tan^2(\varphi)}]} \\
&= 2\sqrt{2} \lim_{\varphi \rightarrow \pi/4} \left[ \frac{-\frac{\sec^2(\varphi)}{\sqrt{1 - \tan^2(\varphi)}}}{\sec^2(\varphi) \sqrt{1 - \tan^2(\varphi)} - \frac{\tan(\varphi) \sec^2(\varphi)}{2\sqrt{1 - \tan^2(\varphi)}}} \right] \\
&= 2\sqrt{2} \lim_{\varphi \rightarrow \pi/4} \left[ \frac{-\frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \tan^2(\varphi)}}}{\sqrt{1 - \tan^2(\varphi)} - \frac{\tan(\varphi)}{2\sqrt{1 - \tan^2(\varphi)}}} \right] \\
&= 2\sqrt{2} \lim_{\varphi \rightarrow \pi/4} \left[ \frac{-\frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \tan^2(\varphi)}}}{\frac{2(1 - \tan(\varphi)) - \tan(\varphi)}{2\sqrt{1 - \tan^2(\varphi)}}} \right] \\
&= 2\sqrt{2} \lim_{\varphi \rightarrow \pi/4} \left[ \frac{-\frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \tan^2(\varphi)}}}{\frac{2 - 3\tan(\varphi)}{2\sqrt{1 - \tan^2(\varphi)}}} \right] \\
&= 2\sqrt{2} \lim_{\varphi \rightarrow \pi/4} \left[ \frac{-\frac{1}{\sqrt{(1 + \tan(\varphi))\sqrt{(1 - \tan(\varphi))}}}}{\frac{2 - 3\tan(\varphi)}{2\sqrt{1 - \tan^2(\varphi)}}} \right] \\
&= 2\sqrt{2} \lim_{\varphi \rightarrow \pi/4} \left[ \frac{-\frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \tan(\varphi)}}}{\frac{2 - 3\tan(\varphi)}{2}} \right]
\end{aligned}$$

Substituting  $\varphi = \pi/4$ :

$$\begin{aligned}
\lim_{\beta \rightarrow 1} \left[ \lim_{\varphi \rightarrow \pi/4} \left( \frac{To}{Yo} \right) \right] &= 2\sqrt{2} \left[ \frac{-\frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \tan(\pi/4)}}}{\frac{2 - 3\tan(\pi/4)}{2}} \right] \\
&= 2\sqrt{2} \left[ \frac{-\frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + 1}}}{\frac{2 - 3}{2}} \right] \\
&= 2\sqrt{2} \left[ \frac{2}{\sqrt{2}} \right] \\
&= 4
\end{aligned} \tag{60}$$

Therefore, it is proven that  $To/Yo = 4$  when  $\beta = 1$  and  $\varphi = \pi/4$ .